

STN SEARCH

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:23:07 ON 25 NOV 2002

=> file reg		SINCE FILE	TOTAL
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS		ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST		0.21	0.21

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:23:14 ON 25 NOV 2002
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
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Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file
provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 24 NOV 2002 HIGHEST RN 474353-54-3
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 24 NOV 2002 HIGHEST RN 474353-54-3

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 20, 2002

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when
conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP
PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties
in the CAS Registry File, for complete details:
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf>

=>Testing the current file.... screen

ENTER SCREEN EXPRESSION OR (END):end

=> screen 970 AND 2067

L1 SCREEN CREATED

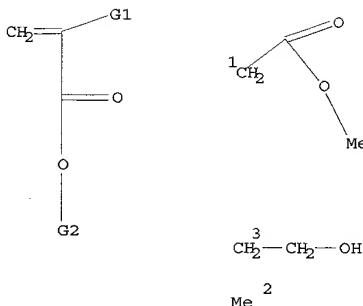
=>
Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\09901933-3.str

L2 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> que L2 AND L1

L3 QUE L2 AND L1

=> d
L3 HAS NO ANSWERS
L1 SCR 970 AND 2067
L2 STR



G1 H, Me, [@1]
G2 [@2], [@3]

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.
L3 QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON L2 AND L1

=>Testing the current file.... screen
ENTER SCREEN EXPRESSION OR (END):end

⇒ screen 970 AND 206

1.4 SCREEN CREATED

=>
Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\09901933-2.str

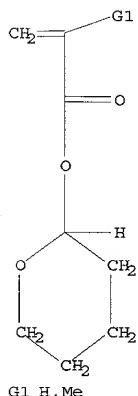
L5 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> que L5 AND L4

L6 QUE L5 AND L4

=> d

L4 SCR 970 AND 206
L5 STR



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.
 L6 QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON L5 AND L4

=>Testing the current file.... screen

ENTER SCREEN EXPRESSION OR (END):end

=> screen 970 AND 1006 AND 2067

L7 SCREEN CREATED

=>
 Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\09901933-1.str

L8 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> que L8 AND L7

L9 QUE L8 AND L7

=> d
 L9 HAS NO ANSWERS
 L7 SCR 970 AND 1006 AND 2067
 L8 STR

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.
 L9 QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON L8 AND L7

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:23:07 ON 25 NOV 2002)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:23:14 ON 25 NOV 2002

L1 SCREEN 970 AND 2067
 L2 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

L3 QUE L2 AND L1
L4 SCREEN 970 AND 2067
L5 STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L6 QUE L5 AND L4
L7 SCREEN 970 AND 1006 AND 2067
L8 STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L9 QUE L8 AND L7

=> s 13
SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 13:24:23 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 11775 TO ITERATE

8.5% PROCESSED 1000 ITERATIONS 50 ANSWERS
INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED)
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**
 BATCH **COMPLETE**
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 229007 TO 241993
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 93082 TO 101440

L10 50 SEA SSS SAM L2 AND L1

=> s 16
SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 13:24:45 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 30 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 30 ITERATIONS 13 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**
 BATCH **COMPLETE**
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 272 TO 928
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 44 TO 476

L11 13 SEA SSS SAM L5 AND L4

=> s 19
SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 13:24:49 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 156 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 156 ITERATIONS 50 ANSWERS
INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED)
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**
 BATCH **COMPLETE**
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 2371 TO 3869
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 849 TO 1831

L12 50 SEA SSS SAM L8 AND L7

=> s 110 and 111 and 112
L13 0 L10 AND L11 AND L12

=> FIL USPATFULL CAPLUS HCAPLUS
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE
 ENTRY TOTAL
FULL ESTIMATED COST 1.14 1.35
SESSION

FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 13:25:07 ON 25 NOV 2002
CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2002 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:25:07 ON 25 NOV 2002

USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
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FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:25:07 ON 25 NOV 2002
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2002 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

=> s 110
L14 101 L10

=> s 111
L15 43 L11

=> s 112
L16 137 L12

=> s 114 and 115 and 116
L17 0 L14 AND L15 AND L16

=> s 114 or 115 or 116
L18 279 L14 OR L15 OR L16

=> s 118 and (resist or photoresist)
L19 44 L18 AND (RESIST OR PHOTORESIST)

=> duplicate
ENTER REMOVE, IDENTIFY, ONLY, OR (?):remove
ENTER L# LIST OR (END):119
DUPLICATE PREFERENCE IS 'USPATFULL, CAPLUS, HCAPLUS'
KEEP DUPLICATES FROM MORE THAN ONE FILE? Y/(N):n
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L19
L20 25 DUPLICATE REMOVE L19 (19 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 120 1-25 ibib hitstr abs

L20 ANSWER 1 OF 25 USPATFULL DUPLICATE 1
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:217000 USPATFULL

TITLE: Polymeric compound and resin composition for
photoresist

INVENTOR(S): Ushirogouchi, Toru, Yokohama, JAPAN
Okino, Takeshi, Tokyo, JAPAN
Asakawa, Koji, Kawasaki, JAPAN
Shida, Naomi, Tokyo, JAPAN
Funaki, Yoshinori, Himeji, JAPAN
Tsutsumi, Kiyoharu, Himeji, JAPAN
Takaragi, Akira, Himeji, JAPAN
Inoue, Keizo, Himeji, JAPAN

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kabushiki Kaisha Toshiba, Kanagawa-ken, JAPAN (non-U.S.
corporation)
Daicel Chemical Industries, LTD, Osaka, JAPAN (non-U.S.
corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION:	US 6440636	B1	20020827
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2000-703677		20001102 (9)
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility		
FILE SEGMENT:	GRANTED		
PRIMARY EXAMINER:	Ashton, Rosemary		
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	Birch Stewart Kolasch & Birch LLP		
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	7		
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1		

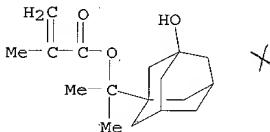
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 0 Drawing Figure(s); 0 Drawing Page(s)
LINE COUNT: 1694

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
IT 338790-67-3P

(polymeric compd. and resin compn. for photoresist)
RN 338790-67-3 USPATFULL
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 1-(3-hydroxytricyclo[3.3.1.13,7]dec-1-yl)-1-methylethyl ester, polymer with tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

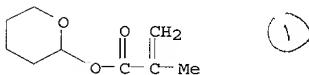
CM 1

CRN 324761-49-1
CMF C17 H26 O3



CM 2

CRN 52858-59-0
CMF C9 H14 O3



AB A polymeric compound includes at least one monomeric unit of the following formula (I): ##STR1##

wherein R.¹ is a hydrogen atom or a methyl group; and each of R.² and R.³ is independently a hydrogen atom or a hydroxyl group. The polymeric compound may include the monomeric unit and at least one monomeric unit selected from monomeric units represented by the following formulae (IIa) and (IIb): ##STR2##

wherein R.¹ is a hydrogen atom or a methyl group; each of R.⁴ and R.⁵ is, for example, a hydrogen atom, a hydroxyl group, an oxo group, or a carboxyl group, wherein R.⁴ and R.⁵ are not concurrently hydrogen atoms; and each of R.⁷ and R.⁸ is independently a hydrogen atom, a hydroxyl group, or an oxo group. The polymeric compound have a high etching resistance in addition to satisfactory transparency, alkali-solubility, and adhesion.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 2 OF 25 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002-172438 USPATFULL

TITLE:

(Meth)acrylate ester-based resin composition

INVENTOR(S):

Nakamura, Kazuhiko, Kawanishi-shi, JAPAN

Yokota, Yoshiyuki, Osaka, JAPAN

Takahashi, Kunio, Osaka, JAPAN

Yoshida, Masaya, Himeji-shi, JAPAN

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2002091197	A1	20020711
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2001-938652	A1	20010827 (9)

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	JP 2000-345966	20001113
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	ROYLANCE, ABRAMS, BERDO & GOODMAN, L.L.P., 1300 19TH STREET, N.W., SUITE 600, WASHINGTON, DC, 20036	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	7	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
LINE COUNT:	2693	

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 425409-59-2P
 (meth)acrylate ester-based resin compn.)

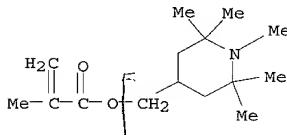
RN 425409-59-2 USPATFULL

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, butyl ester, polymer with
 (2, 4-dimethylcyclohexyl)methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate,
 (4-methylcyclohexyl)methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, methyl
 2-methyl-2-propenoate, (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl)methyl
 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-propenoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 425409-27-4

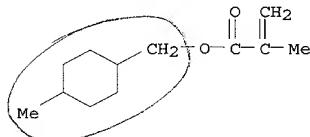
CMF C15 H27 N O2



CM 2

CRN 364753-38-8

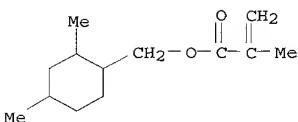
CMF C12 H20 O2



CM 3

CRN 218444-97-4

CMF C13 H22 O2



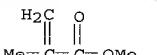
CM 4

CRN 97-88-1
CMF C8 H14 O2



CM 5

CRN 80-62-6
CMF C5 H8 O2



CM 6

CRN 79-10-7
CMF C3 H4 O2



AB The present invention provides a novel (meth)acrylate ester-based resin composition which, for example, exhibits various good properties such as weather resistance, heat resistance, water resistance, acid resistance, alkali resistance, warm water resistance, impact resistance, processability, flexibility, hardness, elongation, transparency, luster, fleshy property, mirroring property, pigment dispersibility, and driability when being used, for example, as crosslinking type paints, adhesives, pressure sensitive adhesives, and fiber-processing materials, and has so low a resin viscosity as to be utilizable as a resin for coping with environmental pollution of such as low-VOC paints. The (meth)acrylate ester-based resin composition comprises a (meth)acrylate ester-based polymer (I) and a crosslinking agent, wherein the (meth)acrylate ester-based polymer is obtained by a process including the step of polymerizing a monomer component including a polymerizable unsaturated monomer (a) as an essential component and has a reactive group wherein the polymerizable unsaturated monomer (a) is an alkylcyclohexylalkyl ester of (meth)acrylic acid, and wherein the crosslinking agent has at least two functional groups that are reactable with the reactive group.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 3 OF 25 USPATFULL
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:12623 USPATFULL
TITLE: Coating composition, method for producing the same,
cured product and coating film
INVENTOR(S): Kanamori, Tarou, Chuo-ku, JAPAN
Honda, Miwa, Chuo-ku, JAPAN
Kawahara, Kouji, Chuo-ku, JAPAN
Hashiguchi, Yuichi, Chuo-ku, JAPAN
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): JSR CORPORATION, Tokyo, JAPAN, 104-8410 (non-U.S.
corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2002007006	A1	20020117
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2001-833618	A1	20010413 (9)

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	JP 2000-112290	20000413
	JP 2000-112291	20000413
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	OBLON SPIVAK MCCLELLAND MAIER & NEUSTADT PC, FOURTH FLOOR, 1755 JEFFERSON DAVIS HIGHWAY, ARLINGTON, VA, 22202	

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 9
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1
LINE COUNT: 2457

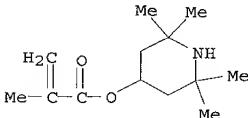
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 367501-88-0P, Cyclohexyl methacrylate-2-ethylhexyl
acrylate-glycidyl methacrylate-methacryloxypropyltrimethoxysilane-4-
methacryloxyloxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine-methyl methacrylate
copolymer
(coating compn. contg. organosilanes and siloxanes)

RN 367501-88-0 USPATFULL
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, cyclohexyl ester, polymer with 2-ethylhexyl
2-propenoate, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, oxiranylmethyl
2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl
2-methyl-2-propenoate and 3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl 2-methyl-2-
propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

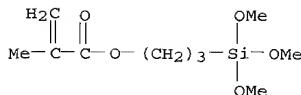
CM 1

CRN 31582-45-3
CMF C13 H23 N O2



CM 2

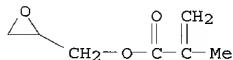
CRN 2530-85-0
CMF C10 H20 O5 Si



1

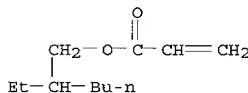
CM 3

CRN 106-91-2
CMF C7 H10 O3



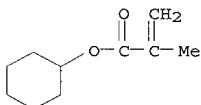
CM 4

CRN 103-11-7
CMF C11 H20 O2



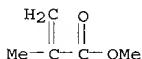
CM 5

CRN 101-43-9
CMF C10 H16 O2



CM 6

CRN 80-62-6
CMF C5 H8 Q2



AB A coating composition excellent in dispersion stability of a photocatalyst even in a highly hydrophobic alcohol, excellent in storage

stability, giving a coating layer excellent in durability and adhesion, and having a photocatalytic function, which comprises (a) at least one component selected from the group consisting of an organosilane represented by (R^{sup.1}).sub.nSi (OR^{sup.2}).sub.4-n (wherein, R^{sup.1} represents a monovalent organic group; R^{sup.2} represents an alkyl group or an acyl group; and n is an integer ranging from 0 to 2), a hydrolyzate and a condensates thereof; (b) an organosiloxane oligomer having an SiO bond and a specific Mw; (c) a photocatalyst; and (d-1) an organic solvent having a surface tension at 20.degree. C. of 260 .mu.N/cm or less.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 4 OF 25 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:95525 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Using block copolymers as supercritical fluid developable photoresists

INVENTOR(S):

Ober, Christopher K., Ithaca, NY, United States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Wang, Jianguo, Horseheads, NY, United States

Cornell Research Foundation, Inc., Ithaca, NY, United States (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER	KIND	DATE
--------	------	------

PATENT INFORMATION:

US 6379874 B1 20020430

APPLICATION INFO.:

US 2000-688126 20001016 (9)

NUMBER	DATE
--------	------

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 1999-161346P 19991026 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

GRANTED

PRIMARY EXAMINER:

Duda, Kathleen

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

7

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

1,7

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 0 Drawing Figure(s); 0 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 520

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 212389-71-4P

(synthesis of block polymers having pendant hydrolyzing ester for developing neg.-tone photoresist using supercrit. fluid)

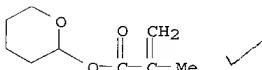
RN 212389-71-4 USPATFULL

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-pentadecafluoroctyl ester, polymer with tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, block (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 52858-59-0

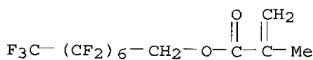
CMF C9 H14 O3



CM 2

CRN 3934-23-4

CMF C12 H7 F15 O2



AB Block copolymers containing block having pendant fluoro-containing groups and block having pendant hydrolyzable ester containing groups is developed at lower pressures and temperatures than random copolymers of the same monomers. Where the block with ester groups is from polymerization of 2-tetrahydropyranyl methacrylate and the block with pendant fluoro-containing groups is from polymerization of perfluoroalkyl methacrylate or semifluorinated alkyl methacrylate, resolution of sub 0.3 .mu.m features is enabled.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 5 OF 25 USPATFULL DUPLICATE 2
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:142042 USPATFULL
 TITLE: Lactone-containing compounds, polymers, resist compositions, and patterning method
 INVENTOR(S): Hasegawa, Koji, Nakakubiki-gun, Japan
 Nishi, Tsunehiro, Nakakubiki-gun, Japan
 Kinsho, Takeshi, Nakakubiki-gun, Japan
 Hatakeyama, Jun, Nakakubiki-gun, Japan
 Watanabe, Osamu, Nakakubiki-gun, Japan
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shin-Etsu Chemical Co., Ltd., Tokyo, Japan (non-U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 6280898	B1	20010828
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 1999-404763		19990924 (9)

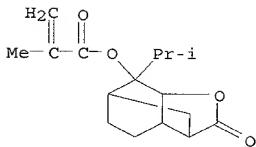
	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	JP 1998-270373	19980925
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	GRANTED	
PRIMARY EXAMINER:	Baxter, Janet	
ASSISTANT EXAMINER:	Ashton, Rosemary	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	Millen, White, Zelano & Branigan, P.C.	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	21	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
LINE COUNT:	1654	

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 274248-37-2P
 (synthesis of lactone-contg. polymers for resist compns. and method of forming resist pattern using the compn.)
 RN 274248-37-2 USPATFULL
 CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, octahydro-7-(1-methylethyl)-2-oxo-3,6-methanobenzofuran-7-yl ester, polymer with tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

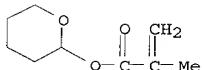
CM 1

CRN 274248-01-0
 CMF C16 H22 O4



CM 2

CRN 52858-59-0
CMF C9 H14 O3



AB A novel lactone-containing compound is provided as well as a polymer comprising units of the compound. The polymer is used as a base resin to formulate a resist composition having a high sensitivity, resolution and etching resistance. ##STR1##

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 6 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 3
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:320237 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:334293
 TITLE: Using block copolymers as supercritical fluid developable photoresists
 INVENTOR(S): Ober, Christopher K.; Wang, Jianguo
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Cornell Research Foundation, Inc., USA
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 17 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001031404	A1	20010503	WO 2000-US26256	20001016
W: CA, JP				
RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
EP 1141782	A1	20011010	EP 2000-970484	20001016
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				
US 6379874	B1	20020430	US 2000-688126	20001016
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1999-161346P	P 19991026
			WO 2000-US26256	W 20001016

IT 212389-71-4P
 RL: DEV (Device component use); NUU (Other use, unclassified); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (synthesis of block polymers having pendant hydrolyzing ester for developing neg.-tone photoresist using supercrit. fluid)

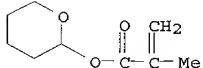
RN 212389-71-4 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-

pentadecafluoroctyl ester, polymer with tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, block (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

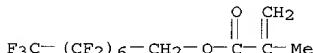
CM 1

CRN 52858-59-0
CMF C9 H14 O3



CM 2

CRN 3934-23-4
CMF C12 H7 F15 O2

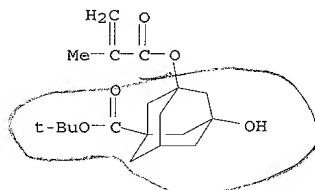


AB The invention is directed to generating neg. tone **resist** images in a lithog. process for use, e. g., in the manuf. of microelectronics. The process comprises several steps as follows. Coating a substrate with a film comprising a block polymer comprising (a) a block polymer having pendant fluoro-contg. groups, and (b) block having pendant hydrolyzing ester groups, the vol. percent of block being adequate to provide complete solv. in regions of the film to be removed in the step described later but not so great that sub 0.3.mu.m features cannot be resolved in that step. Hydrolyzing ester to polar function insol. in the supercrit. fluid in the following step to form a pattern defined by supercrit. fluid sol. and supercrit. fluid insol. regions of the film. Developing a neg.-tone **resist** image from the pattern using supercrit. fluid to dissolve the supercrit. fluid sol. regions of the film. Block copolymers contg. block having pendant fluoro-contg. groups and block having pendant hydrolyzable ester contg. groups were developed at low pressure and temp. than random copolymers of the same monomers. Where the block with ester groups is from polymn. of 2-tetrahydropyranyl methacrylate and the block with pendant fluoro-contg. groups is from polymn. of perfluoroalkyl methacrylate or semifluorinated alkyl methacrylate, resoln. of sub 0.3 .mu.m features is enabled.

REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

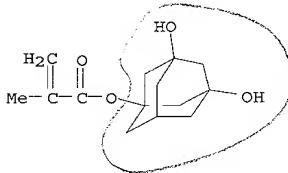
L20 ANSWER 7 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 4
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:115197 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:185945
TITLE: Polymer for **photoresists** and resin compositions for **photoresists**
INVENTOR(S): Funaki, Yoshinori; Tsutsumi, Kiyoharu; Takaragi, Akira; Inoue, Keizo
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Daicel Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 152 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001010916	A1	20010215	WO 2000-JP5168	20000802
W: KR, US RW: DE, FR, GB				
JP 2001048931	A2	20010220	JP 1999-223110	19990805
JP 2001048933	A2	20010220	JP 1999-223144	19990805
JP 3330903	B2	20021007		
EP 1172384	A1	20020116	EP 2000-949953	20000802
R: DE, FR, GB				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1999-223110	A 19990805
			JP 1999-223144	A 19990805
			WO 2000-JP5168	W 20000802
IT 325992-09-4P				
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (polymer for photoresists and resin compns. for photoresists)				
RN 325992-09-4	CAPLUS			
CN	Tricyclo[3.3.1.13,7]decane-1-carboxylic acid, 3-hydroxy-5-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, polymer with 3,5-dihydroxytricyclo[3.3.1.13,7]dec-1-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)			
CM 1				
CRN 325991-05-7				
CMF C19 H28 O5				



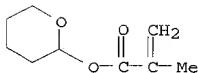
CM 2

CRN 115522-15-1
CMF C14 H20 O4



CM 3

CRN 52858-59-0
CMF C9 H14 O3



GI

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB A polymer comprises at least one kind of monomer units selected from I-IV (R1 = H, Me; R2,3 = H, OH, etc.; R5,6 = H, OH, CO; R7-9 = H, Me; R10,11 = C1-8 hydrocarbon; R12-14 = H, OH, Me), with the proviso that when the polymer comprises monomer units of III. It must also contain at least another kind of monomer units selected from among those represented by general formula V (R15,16 = H, OH, COOH; R17 = OH, CO, COOH) or the like. This polymer is excellent not only in transparency, solv. in alkali and tight adhesion but also in etching resistance, thus being useful as the resin for **photoresists**.

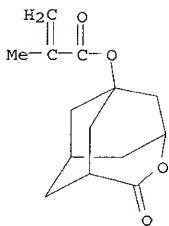
REFERENCE COUNT: 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L20 ANSWER 8 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 5
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001-644598 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:218729
 TITLE: Lactone ring-containing polymers and resin compositions for **photoresists**
 INVENTOR(S): Gokochi, Toru; Okino, Takeshi; Asakawa, Koji; Shinoda, Naomi; Funaki, Katsunori; Tsutsumi, Kiyoharu; Horai, Akira
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toshiba Corp., Japan; Daicel Chemical Industries, Ltd.
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 49 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
IT	JP 2001240625	A2	20010904	JP 2000-49549	20000225
	357340-88-6P				
	RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)				
	(prepn. of lactone ring-contg. polymers for photoresists)				
RN	357340-88-6	CAPLUS			
CN	2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 3,5-dihydroxytricyclo[3.3.1.13,7]dec-1-yl ester, polymer with 5-oxo-4-oxatricyclo[4.3.1.13,8]undec-1-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				

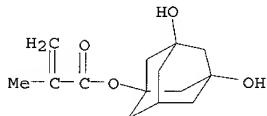
CM 1

CRN 348596-87-2
 CMF C14 H18 O4



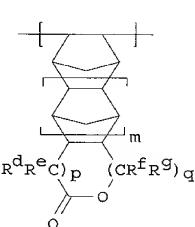
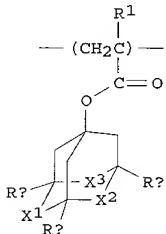
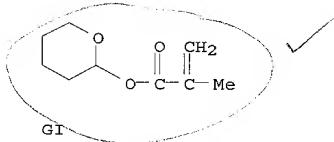
CM 2

CRN 115522-15-1
CMF C14 H20 O4



CM 3

CRN 52858-59-0
CMF C9 H14 O3



AB **Photoresist** compns. contain polymers contg. monomer units I and/or II (R1, Ra-Rg = H, Me; X1-X3 = CH₂, CO₂; at least one of X1-X3 is

CO₂; m, p, q = 0-2) and photoacid generators. The compns. show good adhesion to substrates such as Si and can precisely form fine patterns in semiconductor manufg.

L20 ANSWER 9 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 6
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:595546 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:187707
TITLE: Intermixing-minimized bilayers of deep-UV positive photoresist layers and thermally crosslinked resist layers
INVENTOR(S): Yasunami, Shoichiro
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 33 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
IT	354809-17-9P	JP 2001222112	A2 20010817	JP 2000-164833	20000601
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				JP 1999-338301	A 19991129

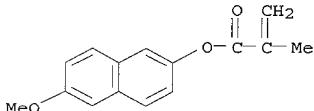
RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(lower resist layers; intermixing-minimized bilayers of deep-UV pos. photoresist layers and thermally crosslinked resist layers)

RN 354809-17-9 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-hydroxyethyl ester, polymer with 6-methoxy-2-naphthalenyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, PR 54046 and 1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6-triamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 354809-16-8

CMF C15 H14 O3



CM 2

CRN 354795-81-6

CMF Unspecified

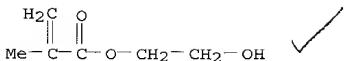
CCI PMS, MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 3

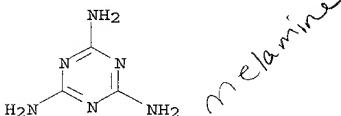
CRN 868-77-9

CMF C6 H10 O3

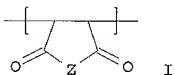


CM 4

CRN 108-78-1
CMF C3 H6 N6



GI



AB The bilayers comprise lower **resist** layers contg. polymers with repeating units (a1) $[CH_2CY_1(CO_2L_1bL_2cJ)]$ [Y1 = H, alkyl, cyano, halo; L1, L2 = bivalent linkages; J = (un)substituted Ph, naphthyl, anthryl, phenanthryl; b, c = 0, 1] and upper **photoresist** layers contg. polymers with repeating units (b1) $[CH_2CH(CH_2)_nSiR_2R_3R_4]$ [R2-4 = (halo)alkyl, halo, alkoxy, trialkylsilyl(oxy); n = 0, 1], (b2) $[CH_2CY_2(LCO_2Q)]$ and/or $[CH(CO_2L_12A_2)CH(CO_2L_11A_2)]$ [Y2 = H, alkyl, cyano, halo; L = single bond, bivalent linkages; Q = acid-labile carboxylic acid precursor groups; X1, X2 = O, S, NH, NHSO2; L11, L12 = single bond, bivalent linkages; A2 = H, cyano, OH, CO2H, CO2RS, CONHR6 [R5, R6 = alkyl(oxy), CO2Q (Q = the same definition as above)]], and optional (b3) $[Z = O, NR_7 [R7 = H, OH, alkyl, OSO_2R_8 (R8 = alkyl, trihalomethyl)]]$. The **photoresist** layers possess light- or radiation-sensitive acid generators. The bilayers show high resoln. and generate little development residues.

L20 ANSWER 10 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 7
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:423559 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:38894
 TITLE: Photosensitive polyimide precursor compositions
 INVENTOR(S): Ikeda, Takanobu; Yuba, Tomoyuki; Suzue, Shigeru
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toray Industries, Inc., Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2001159818	A2	20010612	JP 1999-343000	19991202
IT 343605-15-2P				

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material)

use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(photosensitive polyimide precursor compns. with high sensitivity and
resoln.)

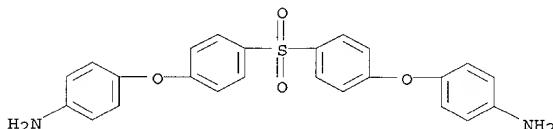
RN 343605-15-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-hydroxyethyl ester, polymer with
1H,3H-benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, 5,5'-carbonylbis[1,3-
isobenzofurandione], 4,4'-oxybis[benzenamine], 5,5'-oxybis[1,3-
isobenzofurandione], 4,4'-[sulfonylbis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine]
and 3,3'-(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)bis[1-propanamine] (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13080-89-2

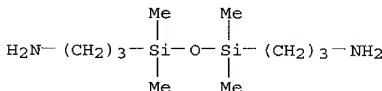
CMF C24 H20 N2 O4 S



CM 2

CRN 2469-55-8

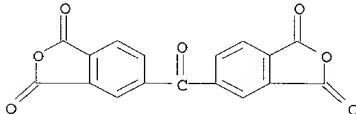
CMF C10 H28 N2 O Si2



CM 3

CRN 2421-28-5

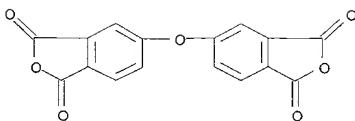
CMF C17 H6 O7



CM 4

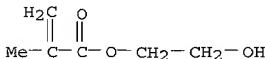
CRN 1823-59-2

CMF C16 H6 O7



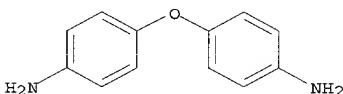
CM 5

CRN 868-77-9
CMF C6 H10 O3



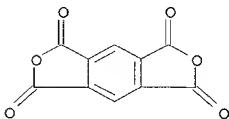
CM 6

CRN 101-80-4
CMF C12 H12 N2 O



CM 7

CRN 89-32-7
CMF C10 H2 06



AB The compns. contain polymers (no.-av. mol. wt. 10,000-100,000) having structural units $[C(:O)R_1(CO_2R_3)nC(:O)NHR_2NH]_m$ (I; $R_1 = C_6H_{13}$ or 3- or 4-valent org. group; $R_2 = C_6H_{13}$ or 2 divalent org. group; $R_3 = H$, alkali ion, NH_4^+ , C_1-30 org. group; $m = 10,000-100,000$; $n = 1, 2$), (B) 100-200 mol% (for I) $R_4R_5N(CH_2)pNHC(:O)CR_6:CH_2$ ($R_4-R_6 = H$, C_1-10 alkyl; $p = 2, 3$), and (C) 1-15 wt.% (for A) N-arylglycines. The compns. show high resoln. in qap exposure and high sensitivity and are developable for a short time.

L20 ANSWER 11 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

DUPLICATE 8

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:347119 CAPTUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

134:346475

BOOKS
TITLE:

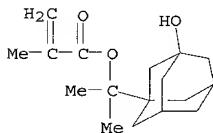
Adamantyl-containing polymer for photoresist

111-1122.

Adamantyl containing polymer for photoresist
and polymer composition for photoresist
Gokochi, Toru; Okino, Takeshi; Asakawa, Koji; Shinoda,
Naomi; Funaki, Katsunori; Tsutsumi, Kiyoharu; Horai,

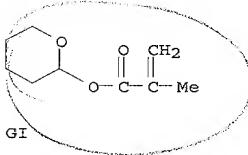
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Akira; Inoue, Keizo
 SOURCE: Toshiba Corp., Japan; Daicel Chemical Industries, Ltd.
 Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 23 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

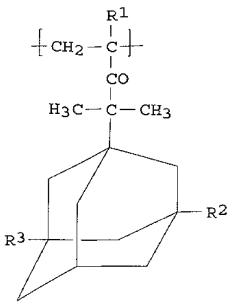
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
IT	JP 2001131232	A2	20010515	JP 1999-312329	19991102
	338790-67-3P				
	RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (adamantyl-contg. polymer for etching-resistant photoresist for semiconductor device fabrication)				
RN	338790-67-3	CAPLUS			
CN	2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 1-(3-hydroxytricyclo[3.3.1.13,7]dec-1-yl)-1-methylethyl ester, polymer with tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				
	CM	1			
	CRN	324761-49-1			
	CMF	C17 H26 O3			



CM 2

CRN 52858-59-0
CMF C9 H14 O3





AB The polymer is that having ≥ 1 adamantyl-substituted monomer unit I ($R1 = H, Me; R2 = H, OH$). The photoresist compn. contains the polymer and a photosensitive acid-generating agent. The photoresist compn., showing good etching resistance, is suitable for photolithog. in semiconductor device fabrication.

L20 ANSWER 12 OF 25 USPATFULL
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:196771 USPATFULL
 TITLE: Ester compounds, polymers, resist compositions and patterning process
 INVENTOR(S): Kinsho, Takeshi, Nakakubiki-gun, Japan
 Nishi, Tsunehiro, Nakakubiki-gun, Japan
 Kurihara, Hideshi, Usui-gun, Japan
 Hasegawa, Koji, Nakakubiki-gun, Japan
 Watanabe, Takeru, Nakakubiki-gun, Japan
 Watanabe, Osamu, Nakakubiki-gun, Japan
 Nakashima, Mutsuo, Nakakubiki-gun, Japan
 Takeda, Takanobu, Nakakubiki-gun, Japan
 Hatakeyama, Jun, Nakakubiki-gun, Japan
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shin-Etsu Chemical Co., Ltd., Tokyo, Japan (non-U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 6312867	B1	20011106
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 1999-431139		19991101 (9)

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	JP 1998-312533	19981102
	JP 1999-75355	19990319

DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility
FILE SEGMENT:	GRANTED

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Ashton, Rosemary E.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Millen, White, Zelano & Branigan, P.C.

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 17

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 4

LINE COUNT: 2117

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 271779-14-7P
 (ester monomers, polymers, resist compns. and patterning process)

RN 271779-14-7 USPATFULL

CN Cyclohexanecarboxylic acid, [(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]-, polymer with rel-(1R,2S,4S)-2-(1-methylethyl)bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate

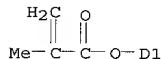
and tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)

CM 1

CRN 271779-08-9
CMF C11 H16 O4
CCI IDS
CDES 8:ID



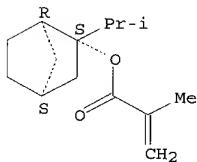
D1-CO₂H



CM 2

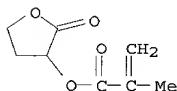
CRN 271598-69-7
CMF C14 H22 O2

Relative stereochemistry.



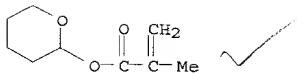
CM 3

CRN 195000-66-9
CMF C8 H10 O4



CM 4

CRN 52858-59-0
CMF C9 H14 O3



AB A novel ester compound having an exo-form 2-alkylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl group as the protective group is provided as well as a polymer comprising units of the ester compound. The polymer is used as a base resin to formulate a **resist** composition having a higher sensitivity, resolution and etching resistance than conventional **resist** compositions.

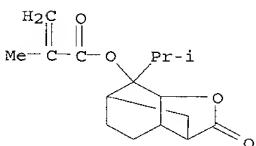
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 13 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 9
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000387290 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:36088
 TITLE: Novel lactone compound, its polymer, **resist** composition containing polymer, and pattern formation
 INVENTOR(S): Hasegawa, Koshi; Nishi, Tsunehiro; Kaneo, Takeshi; Hatakeyama, Jun; Watanabe, Osamu
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shin-Etsu Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 42 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2000159758	A2	20000613	JP 1999-255167	19990909
KR 2000023368	A	20000425	KR 1999-40854	19990922
TW 442706	B	20010623	TW 1999-88116425	19990923
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1998-270673	A 19980925
IT 274248-37-2P				
RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)				
(radiation-sensitive resist compn. contg. acrylic polymer having lactone structure)				
RN 274248-37-2 CAPLUS				
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, octahydro-7-(1-methylethyl)-2-oxo-3,6-methanobenzofuran-7-yl ester, polymer with tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				

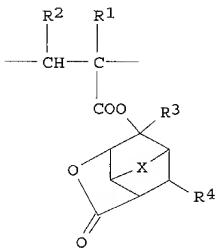
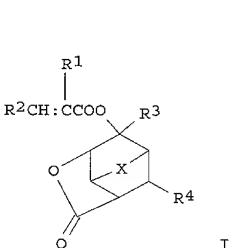
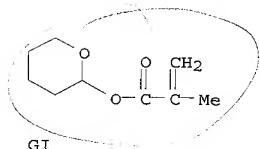
CM 1

CRN 274248-01-0
 CMF C16 H22 O4



CM 2

CRN 52858-59-0
CMF C9 H14 03



AB The lactone compd. I [R1 = H, Me, CH₂CO₂R5; R2 = H, Me, CO₂R5; R3 = C1-8 (branched) (cyclic) alkyl; R4 = H, CO₂R5; R5 = C1-15 (cyclic) (branched) alkyl; X = CH₂, CH₂CH₂, O, S] is claimed. A polymer with wt. av. mol. wt. 1000-500,000 having II (R1-4 and X are the same as in I) as a repeating unit is also claimed. The polymer is prep'd. by radical or anionic copolylm. of I with other compd(s). having C:C double bond. The resist comprises the polymer and an optional acid generator which generates acid by irradn. and org. solvents. The pattern is formed according to the steps; coating the resist compn. on a substrate, irradiating the resist with high energy ray or an electron beam through a photomask after heat treatment, optionally post heat-treating, and developing the compn. The resist compn. shows high sensitivity, resoln., and etching resistance, and gives fine patterns with good profile.

L20 ANSWER 14 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 10
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:367047 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:18002
TITLE: Ester monomers, polymers, resist
compositions and patterning process
INVENTOR(S): Kinsho, Takeshi; Nishi, Tsunehiro; Kurihara, Hideshi;
Hasegawa, Koji; Watanabe, Takeru; Watanabe, Osamu;
Nakashima, Mutsumi; Takeda, Takanobu; Hatakeyama, Jun
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shin-Etsu Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 65 pp.
CODEN: EPXXDW
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 1004568	A2	20000531	EP 1999-308687	19991102
EP 1004568	A3	20010228		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO			
JP 20000336121	A2	20001205	JP 1999-307148	19991028
KR 2000035130	A	20000626	KR 1999-47904	19991101
US 6312867	B1	20011106	US 1999-431139	19991101
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1998-312533 A	19981102
			JP 1999-75355 A	19990319

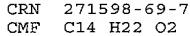
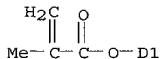
IT 271779-14-7P
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (ester monomers, polymers, **resist** compns. and patterning process)

RN 271779-14-7 CAPLUS

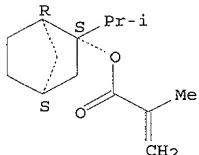
CN Cyclohexanecarboxylic acid, [(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]-, polymer with rel-(1R,2S,4S)-2-(1-methylethyl)bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, tetrahydro-2-oxo-3-furanyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 271779-08-9
 CMF C11 H16 O4
 CCI IDS

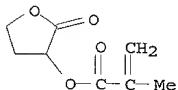


Relative stereochemistry.



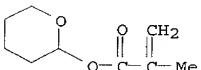
CM 3

CRN 195000-66-9
CMF C8 H10 O4



CM 4

CRN 52858-59-0
CMF C9 H14 O3



AB An ester compd. having an exo-form 2-alkylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl group as the protective group is provided as well as a polymer comprising units of the ester compd. The polymer is used as a base resin to formulate a resist compn. having a higher sensitivity, resoln. and etching resistance than conventional resist compns. A polymer was prep'd. from 8-ethyltricyclo[5.2.1.0_{2,6}]decan-8-yl methacrylate and 5-methyl-2-oxooxolan-5-yl methacrylate.

L20 ANSWER 15 OF 25 USPATFULL
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:37547 USPATFULL
TITLE: Radiation sensitive compositions of terpolymers containing organosilicon side chains
INVENTOR(S): Schaedeli, Ulrich, Plesselb, Switzerland
Tinguely, Eric, Fribourg, Switzerland
Hofmann, Manfred, Marly, Switzerland
Falcigno, Pasquale Alfred, Basel, Switzerland
Mertesdorf, Carl-Lorenz, Bad Krozingen, Germany, Federal Republic of
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Olin Microelectronic Chemicals, Inc., Norwalk, CT, United States (U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 6042989		200000328
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 1996-178827		19981026 (9)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Division of Ser. No. US 1996-682171, filed on 16 Jul 1996, now patented, Pat. No. US 5886119		

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	CH 1995-2292	19950808
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	Granted	
PRIMARY EXAMINER:	Lipman, Bernard	
ASSISTANT EXAMINER:	Egwim, Kelechi	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	Ohlant, Greeley, Ruggiero & Perle	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	9	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	

LINE COUNT: 631
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 151372-04-2P

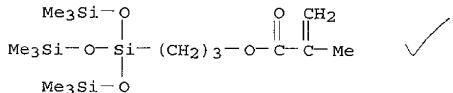
(prepn. and use in pos. photoresists for relief structure prodn.)

RN 151372-04-2 USPATFULL

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with 1,1-dimethylethyl
2-methyl-2-propenoate and 3-[3,3,3-trimethyl-1,1-
bis[(trimethylsilyl)oxy]disiloxanyl]propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

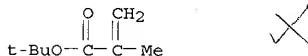
CM 1

CRN 17096-07-0
CMF C16 H38 O5 Si4



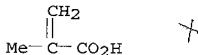
CM 2

CRN 585-07-9
CMF C8 H14 O2



CM 3

CRN 79-41-4
CMF C4 H6 O2



AB A radiation sensitive composition comprising (a) a terpolymer containing 20 to 70 mole percent of an acid-labile repeating unit, 3 to 40 mole percent of an acrylic or acrylonitrile based repeating unit and a repeating unit containing silicon side-chains and (b) a photo-acid generator. The silicon content of terpolymer is 7 to 20 weight percent. The composition is used primarily in the formulation of multilayer positive operating photoresists.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 16 OF 25 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:21648 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Terpolymers containing organosilicon side chains

INVENTOR(S):

Schaedeli, Ulrich, Plasselb, Switzerland

Tinguely, Eric, Fribourg, Switzerland

Hofmann, Manfred, Marly, Switzerland

Falcigno, Pasquale Alfred, Basel, Switzerland

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Mertesdorf, Carl-Lorenz, Bad Krozingen, Switzerland
Olin Microelectronic Chemicals, Inc., Norwalk, CT,
United States (U.S. corporation)

PATENT INFORMATION:

NUMBER	KIND	DATE
US 6028154		200000222
US 1998-178828		19981026 (9)
Continuation of Ser. No. US 1996-682171, filed on 16 Jul 1996, now patented, Pat. No. US 5886119		

APPLICATION INFO.:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

NUMBER	DATE
CH 1995-952292	19950808

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER:

Lipman, Bernard

ASSISTANT EXAMINER:

Egwim, K. C.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Ohlandt, Greeley, Ruggiero & Perle

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

8

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

1

LINE COUNT:

625

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 151372-04-2P

(prepn. and use in pos. photoresists for relief structure prodn.)

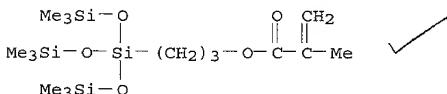
RN 151372-04-2 USPATFULL

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with 1,1-dimethylethyl
2-methyl-2-propenoate and 3-[3,3,3-trimethyl-1,1-
bis[(trimethylsilyl)oxy]disiloxanyl]propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 17096-07-0

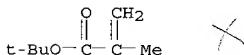
CMF C16 H38 O5 Si4



CM 2

CRN 585-07-9

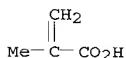
CMF C8 H14 O2



CM 3

CRN 79-41-4

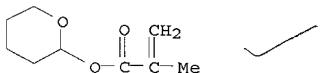
CMF C4 H6 O2



AB A terpolymer containing 20 to 70 mole percent of an acid labile repeating unit, 3 to 40 mole percent of an acrylonitrile based repeating unit and a repeating unit containing silicon side chains. The silicon side chain repeating unit is provided in sufficient amounts so that the terpolymer silicon content is 7 to 20 weight percent. The terpolymer is used primarily in the formulation of multilayer positive operating photoresists.

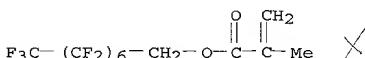
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

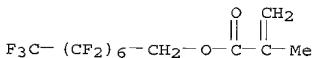
L20 ANSWER 17 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 11
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:800004 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:144329
 TITLE: Supercritical CO₂ Processing for Submicron Imaging of Fluoropolymers
 AUTHOR(S): Sundararajan, Narayan; Yang, Shu; Ogino, Kenji; Valiyaveettil, Suresh; Wang, Jianguo; Zhou, Xinyi; Ober, Christopher K.; Obendorf, Sharon K.; Allen, Robert D.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Materials Science and Engineering, Cornell University, Ithaca, NY, 14853, USA
 SOURCE: Chemistry of Materials (2000), 12(1), 41-48
 CODEN: CMATEX; ISSN: 0897-4756
 PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 IT 212389-71-4P
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
 (supercrit. CO₂ processing for submicron imaging of fluoropolymers)
 RN 212389-71-4 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-pentadecafluoroctyl ester, polymer with tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, block (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 CM 1
 CRN 52858-59-0
 CMF C9 H14 O3



CM 2

CRN 3934-23-4
 CMF C12 H7 F15 O2





AB To keep pace with the ever-shrinking feature sizes required in the microelectronics industry, suitable developers with high diffusivities, selectivity, and adjustable solvating power are required. Supercrit. fluid (SCF) CO₂ possesses many of the above unique properties and could serve as an environmentally responsible alternative developer to aq. base. The high solv. of fluorinated block copolymers in supercrit. CO₂ and the selectivity of supercrit. CO₂ to both polarity changes and the mol. structure of the polymer were used to develop an environmentally friendly lithog. process. Polymers with acid-cleaving tetrahydropyranyl groups and supercrit. CO₂ sol., fluoro-side-chain-contg. methacrylate groups were synthesized with varying vol. fractions of the components, and their solubilities in supercrit. CO₂ were characterized. Chem. amplification was used to effect the polarity change leading to the solv. difference in supercrit. CO₂, and the lithog. performance was evaluated. Important parameters such as sensitivity, contrast, and resoln. were studied, and 0.2 .mu.m features using supercrit. CO₂ development were demonstrated.

REFERENCE COUNT: 36 THERE ARE 36 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L20 ANSWER 18 OF 25 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:37231 USPATFULL

TITLE: Terpolymers containing organosilicon side chains
INVENTOR(S): Schaedeli, Ulrich, Plesselb, Switzerland

Tinguely, Eric, Fribourg, Switzerland

Hofmann, Manfred, Marly, Switzerland

Falcigno, Pasquale Alfred, Basel, Switzerland

Mertesdorf, Carl-Lorenz, Bad Krozingen, Germany,

Federal Republic of

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Olin Microelectronic Chemicals, Inc., Norwalk, CT,
United States (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER	KIND	DATE
--------	------	------

PATENT INFORMATION: US 5886119	19990323
APPLICATION INFO.: US 1996-682171	19960716 (8)

NUMBER	DATE
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PRIORITY INFORMATION: CH 1995-2292	19950808
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DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility

FILE SEGMENT: Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Henderson, Christopher

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Ohlandt, Greeley, Ruggiero & Perle

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 9

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

LINE COUNT: 628

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 151372-04-2P

(prepn. and use in pos. photoresists for relief structure prodn.)

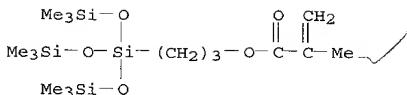
RN 151372-04-2 USPATFULL

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with 1,1-dimethylethyl
2-methyl-2-propenoate and 3-[3,3,3-trimethyl-1,1-
bis[(trimethylsilyl)oxy]disiloxanyl]propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

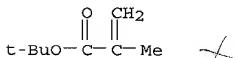
CRN 17096-07-0

CMF C16 H38 O5 Si4



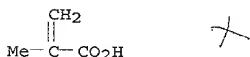
CM 2

CRN 585-07-9
CMF C8 H14 O2



CM 3

CRN 79-41-4
CMF C4 H6 O2



AB A terpolymer containing 20 to 70 mole percent of an acid labile repeating unit, 3 to 40 mole percent of an acrylic acid or acrylonitrile based repeating unit and a repeating unit containing silicon side chains. The silicon side chain repeating unit is provided in sufficient amounts so that the terpolymer silicon content is 7 to 20 weight percent. The terpolymer is used primarily in the formulation of multilayer positive operating photoresists.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

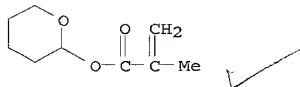
L20 ANSWER 19 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 12
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:486007 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:182001
 TITLE: Resist using the absorption band shift method for ArF excimer laser lithography
 AUTHOR(S): Okino, Takeshi; Asakawa, Koji; Shida, Naomi; Ushirogouchi, Tohru
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Materials Devices Res. Labs., Res. Development Cent., Toshiba Corp., Kawasaki, 210-8582, Japan
 SOURCE: Journal of Photopolymer Science and Technology (1998), 11(3), 489-492
 PUBLISHER: CODEN: JSTBEW; ISSN: 0914-9244
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Technical Association of Photopolymers, Japan
 LANGUAGE: Journal
 English
 IT 211374-08-2, 2-Vinylnaphthalene-menthyl acrylate-tetrahydropyranyl methacrylate-methacrylic acid copolymer
 RL: DEV (Device component use); NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
 (resists using absorption band shift method for ArF excimer laser lithog.)
 RN 211374-08-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with 2-ethenylnaphthalene,
(1R,2S,5R)-5-methyl-2-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl 2-propenoate and
tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 52858-59-0

CMF C9 H14 O3

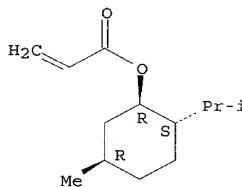


CM 2

CRN 4835-96-5

CMF C13 H22 O2

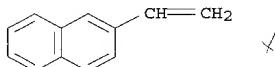
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



CM 3

CRN 827-54-3

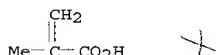
CMF C12 H10



CM 4

CRN 79-41-4

CMF C4 H6 O2



AB A thin film resist contg. naphthalene is suitable for ArF excimer laser lithog. Thin films are advantageous in terms of transparency. Naphthalene structure has good dry etch resistance, and,

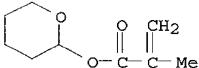
moreover, di-tert-butyl-2-(1-adamantylcarbonylmethyl)malonate (ADTB) improves it. The VN25/ADTB-30 resist was exposed to ArF excimer laser and 0.13 .mu.m lines/spaces pattern was successfully fabricated at an exposure dose of 20.8 mJ/cm².

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L20 ANSWER 20 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 13
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998-546254 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129-223147
TITLE: Block copolymers as supercritical CO₂ developable photoresists
AUTHOR(S): Sundararajan, Narayan; Valiyaveettill, Suresh; Ogino, Kenji; Zhou, Xinyi; Wang, Jianguo; Yang, Shu; Ober, Christopher K.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Mater. Sci. Eng., Cornell Univ., Ithaca, NY, 14853, USA
SOURCE: Polymeric Materials Science and Engineering (1998), 79, 130-131
PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
IT 212389-71-4
RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
(block copolymers as supercrit. CO₂ developable photoresists)
RN 212389-71-4 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-pentadecafluoroctyl ester, polymer with tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, block (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

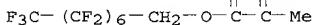
CM 1

CRN 52858-59-0
CMF C9 H14 O3



CM 2

CRN 3934-23-4
CMF C12 H7 F15 O2



AB The objective of this study was to utilize the concept of block copolymers and their unique properties to provide an environmentally friendly process for the fabrication of sub-0.3 .mu.m features using supercrit. carbon dioxide development. Block copolymers such as tetrahydropyranyl methacrylate-heptafluoropropylmethyl methacrylate (THPMA-F3MA) and tetrahydropyranyl methacrylate-pentadecafluoroheptylmethyl methacrylate (THPMA-F7MA) with different vol. and molar ratio were synthesized by group transfer polym. THPMA was introduced first, initiated by

1-methoxyl-trimethylsiloxy-2-methyl-1-propene (MTMS) with tetrabutylammonium biacetate (TBAB) as a catalyst in THF. F3MA or F7MA was then added as second block and then, polymd. The optimum conditions for dissoln. of the virgin polymer before exposure were detd. by evaluating the dissoln. characteristics of the polymer at different pressure, temp., flow rate of CO₂ and time of development. After exposure, the proton generated from the photoacid generator cleaves the acid-labile group in the THPMA component block copolymer and converts it into methacrylic acid. This gives rise to a polarity change which then makes the polymer insol. in supercrit. CO₂ after exposure. A plot of film thickness after development vs. exposure dose gives an understanding of the sensitivity of the photoresist.

L20 ANSWER 21 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 14
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:230991 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:218581
 TITLE: Terpolymer containing organosilicon side chain for production of relief structure
 INVENTOR(S): Schaedeli, Ulrich; Tinguely, Eric; Hofmann, Manfred; Falcigno, Pasquale Alfred; Mertesdorf, Carl-Lorenz
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Olin Microelectronic Chemicals, Inc., USA
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 15 pp.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

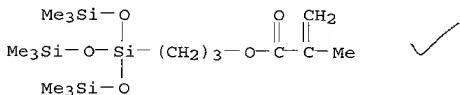
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 758102	A1	19970212	EP 1996-305465	19960725
EP 758102	B1	19991208		
R: BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL				
US 5886119	A	19990323	US 1996-682171	19960716
JP 09110938	A2	19970428	JP 1996-208028	19960807
US 6028154	A	20000222	US 1998-178828	19981026
US 6042989	A	20000328	US 1998-178827	19981026
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
CH 1995-2292				
US 1996-682171				

IT 151372-04-2P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (prepn. and use in pos. photoresists for relief structure
 prodn.)

RN 151372-04-2 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with 1,1-dimethylethyl
 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 3-[3,3,3-trimethyl-1,1-
 bis[(trimethylsilyl)oxy]disiloxanyl]propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

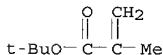
CM 1

CRN 17096-07-0
 CMF C16 H38 O5 Si4



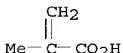
CM 2

CRN 585-07-9
CMF C8 H14 O2



CM 3

CRN 79-41-4
CMF C4 H6 O2

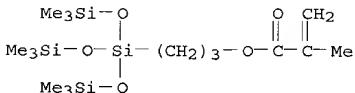


AB A terpolymer contg. 20-70 mol% of repeating structural units of formula -[CH₂CR₁(AR₂)]- and 3-40 mol% of repeating structural units of formula -(CH₂CR₁R₃)- as well as -(CH₂CR₁R₄)- whereby A indicates a direct single bond or CO, R₁ indicates a hydrogen atom or a Me group, R₂ indicates a 2-furanyloxy or 2-pyrananyloxy group or a group of the formula OC₅R₆R₇ or OC(R₅)(R₆)OR₆, R₃ indicates a COOH or CN group, R₄ indicates a group selected from the groups of formulas (CH₂)_pSi(Z)_m(Y)_n, O(CH₂)_pSi(Z)_m(Y)_n, and CO₂(CH₂)_pSi(Z)_m(Y)_n, R₅-7 indicate a C₁-6 alkyl group or a Ph group, Y indicates a hydrogen or chlorine atom or a Me group, Z indicates a group of the formula OSi(CH₃)₃, m indicates 1, 2, or 3, n indicates 3-m, and p indicates 0, 1, 2, or 3 and whereby as many structural units of formula -(CH₂CR₁R₄)- are contained in the terpolymer that its silicon content amts. to 7-20 wt.% and whose use for the prodn. of pos. photoresists, particularly for the multilayer technique, is described.

L20 ANSWER 22 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 15
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:444772 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:234230
TITLE: Evaluation of materials for 193-nm lithography
AUTHOR(S): Schaedeli, Ulrich; Tinguely, Eric; Cherubini, Katie; Maire, Beatrice; Blakeney, Andrew J.; Falcigno, Pasquale; Kunz, Roderick R.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Marly Res. Center, Ciba-Geigy Ltd, East Providence, RI, 02914, USA
SOURCE: Journal of Photopolymer Science and Technology (1996), 9(3), 435-446
CODEN: JSTEEW; ISSN: 0914-9244
PUBLISHER: Technical Association of Photopolymers, Japan
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
IT 151372-04-2
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
(pos. tone bilayer resist system with silicon contg.
methacrylate polymers for 193-nm lithog.)
RN 151372-04-2 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with 1,1-dimethylethyl
2-methyl-2-propenoate and 3-[3,3,3-trimethyl-1,1-
bis(trimethylsilyl)oxy]disiloxanylpropyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

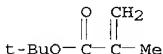
CM 1

CRN 17096-07-0
CMF C16 H38 O5 Si4



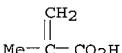
CM 2

CRN 585-07-9
CMF C8 H14 O2



CM 3

CRN 79-41-4
CMF C4 H6 O2



AB The explosive growth in performance of microelectronic devices has been made possible by steady advances in microlithog. and **photoresist** technologies. Tremendous efforts to extend optical lithog. beyond the 0.25 .mu.m boundary, as currently obtainable with KrF-excimer lithog., are ongoing. Although some similarities exist between the imaging chemistries involved in the 248 nm and 193 nm lithogs., different materials are needed due to the distinct difference in optical absorbance requirements. **Resist** systems which can be developed with aq. base would be preferred. However, it might well turn out that the targeted requirements can only be fulfilled by **resist** systems which involve some type of dry etch steps. This paper will focus on a pos. tone **resist** system, which is based on novel silicon contg. methacrylate polymers. Due to a unique combination of monomeric building blocks, polymers with high silicon concns. and, at the same time, high thermal stability are obtained.

L20 ANSWER 23 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 16
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:180359 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:285197
TITLE: Bilayer **resist** approach for 193-nm lithography
AUTHOR(S): Schaedeli, Ulrich; Tinguley, Eric; Blakeney, Andrew J.; Falcigno, Pasquale; Kunz, Roderick R.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Ciba-Geigy Ltd, Marly Research Center, Marly, 1723, Switz.
SOURCE: Proceedings of SPIE-The International Society for Optical Engineering (1996), 2724 (Advances in Resist

Technology and Processing XIII), 344-354
CODEN: PSISDG; ISSN: 0277-786X

PUBLISHER: SPIE-The International Society for Optical Engineering
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

IT 151372-04-2

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
(silicon-contg. methacrylate photopolymers)

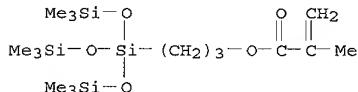
RN 151372-04-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with 1,1-dimethylethyl
2-methyl-2-propenoate and 3-[3,3,3-trimethyl-1,1-
bis(trimethylsilyl)oxy]disiloxanylpropyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 17096-07-0

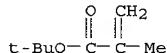
CMF C16 H38 O5 Si4



CM 2

CRN 585-07-9

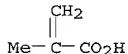
CMF C8 H14 O2



CM 3

CRN 79-41-4

CMF C4 H6 O2



AB Tremendous efforts to extend optical lithog. beyond the quarter micrometer boundary, which is currently achievable with KrF-excimer laser lithog., are ongoing. 193 nm lithog., using ArF-excimer lasers, is believed to be the technol. of choice to approach the ambitious sub-0.2 .mu.m resoln. target. Single layer, pos. tone resist systems, which can be developed with aq. base, would be preferred. However, it might well turn out that the targeted requirements can only be fulfilled by resist systems which involve some type of dry etch steps. This paper will focus on a pos. tone bilayer resist system, which is based on novel silicon contg. methacrylate polymers bearing acid labile side groups. Due to a unique combination of monomeric building blocks, polymers with high silicon concns. and, at the same time, high thermal flow stability are obtained. Hardbaked novolac is used as the planarizing layer.

Resists systems based on the new silicon contg. polymers demonstrated 0.175 .mu.m resoln. capability, a thermal flow stability >120.degree.C, and an etch selectivity ratio >20.

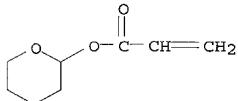
L20 ANSWER 24 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 17
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:137662 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:189529
 TITLE: Positive working photoresist
 INVENTOR(S): Tang, Qian; Roth, Martin
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz.
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 18 pp.
 CODEN: EPXXDW
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: German
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 689098	A1	19951227	EP 1995-810395	19950613
EP 689098	B1	20000816		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL				
AT 195590	E	20000915	AT 1995-810395	19950613
CA 2152236	AA	19951223	CA 1995-2152236	19950620
CN 1121190	A	19960424	CN 1995-107005	19950621
CN 1075638	B	20011128		
JP 08050356	A2	19960220	JP 1995-179554	19950622
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CH 1994-1992	A 19940622
			CH 1995-138	A 19950118

IT 174081-26-6
 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
 (acid-labile alpha-alkoxyalkyl ester polymer)
 RN 174081-26-6 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-(dimethylamino)ethyl ester, polymer with
 methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl 2-propenoate
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

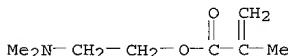
CM 1

CRN 52858-57-8
 CMF C8 H12 O3



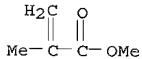
CM 2

CRN 2867-47-2
 CMF C8 H15 N O2



CM 3

CRN 80-62-6
CMF C5 H8 O2



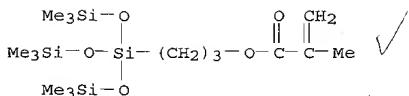
AB An aq. alkali-sol. pos. photoresist compn. comprises: (a) .gtoreq.1 homo- or copolymer contg. an acid labile .alpha.-alkoxyalkyl ester group; (b) .gtoreq.1 carboxylic acid group-contg. copolymer where the content of carboxylic acid group is 0.4-5.5 mol/kg; (c) .gtoreq.1 photocacid generator; and (d) an org. solvent. The components of the compn. has high storage stability and the compn. has high photosensitivity and the material can be used for producing etching resistance images.

L20 ANSWER 25 OF 25 USPATFULL
ACCESSION NUMBER: 94:106845 USPATFULL
TITLE: Silicone-containing acrylic star polymers, block copolymers and macromonomers
INVENTOR(S): Spinelli, Harry J., Wilmington, DE, United States
Anton, Waifong L., Claymont, DE, United States
Coleman, Henry D., Brooklyn, NY, United States
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Permeable Technologies, Inc., Morganville, NJ, United States (U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 5371147		19941206
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 1993-107025		19930816 (8)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Continuation of Ser. No. US 1991-773715, filed on 9 Oct 1991, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1990-595919, filed on 11 Oct 1990, now abandoned		
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility		
FILE SEGMENT:	Granted		
PRIMARY EXAMINER:	Dean, Ralph H.		
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	Coleman, Henry D., Sudol, R. Neil		
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	31		
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1		
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:	3 Drawing Figure(s); 3 Drawing Page(s)		
LINE COUNT:	2456		
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.			
IT 143736-95-2P	(prepn. of, for contact lenses)		
RN 143736-95-2	USPATFULL		
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 1,2-ethanediyl ester, polymer with 1-ethenyl-2-pyrrolidinone, 2-hydroxyethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 3-[3,3,3-trimethyl-1,1-bis[(trimethylsilyl)oxy]disiloxanyl]propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)			

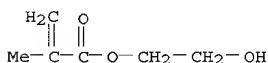
CM 1

CRN 17096-07-0
CMF C16 H38 O5 Si4



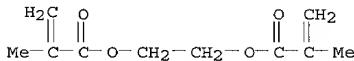
CM 2

CRN 868-77-9
CMF C6 H10 O3



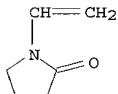
CM 3

CRN 97-90-5
CMF C10 H14 O4



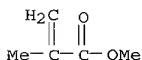
CM 4

CRN 88-12-0
CMF C6 H9 N O



CM 5

CRN 80-62-6
CMF C5 H8 O2



AB The present invention relates to novel preformed silicone-containing acrylic copolymers including silicone-containing acrylic star polymers, graft copolymers and macromonomers. Described are linear diblock macromonomers, graft copolymers and star polymers comprising a substantially hydrophilic block or block and a substantially hydrophobic, permeable block or block, said hydrophilic block preferably comprising at least about 25% by weight of a hydrophilic acrylic-type

monomer and said hydrophobic, permeable block comprising at least about 50% by weight of at least one or more polysiloxanylalkylesters of an alpha, beta unsaturated acid.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L28 ANSWER 1 OF 5 USPATFULL
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:113071 USPATFULL
 TITLE: Synthesis of epothilones, intermediates thereto and analogues thereof
 INVENTOR(S): Danishefsky, Samuel J., Englewood, NJ, UNITED STATES
 Stachel, Shawn J., Perkasie, PA, UNITED STATES
 Lee, Chul Bom, Princeton, NJ, UNITED STATES
 Chappell, Mark D., Noblesville, IN, UNITED STATES
 Wu, Zhicai, New York, NY, UNITED STATES

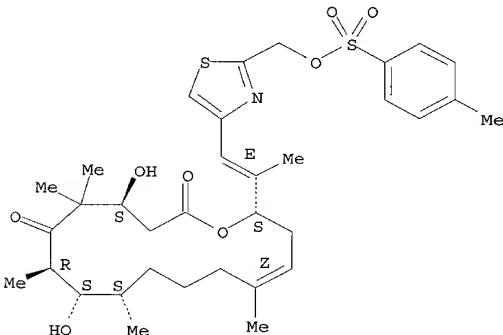
	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2002058817	A1	20020516
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2001-796959	A1	20010301 (9)

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2000-185968P	20000301 (60)
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	Choate, Hall & Stewart, Exchange Place, 53 State Street, Boston, MA, 02109	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	5	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:	47 Drawing Page(s)	
LINE COUNT:	5609	

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 359014-45-2P (synthesis of epothilones, intermediates and analogs for use in treatment of cancers with multidrug resistant phenotype)
 RN 359014-45-2 USPATFULL
 CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,7,9,13-pentamethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-1-2-[[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]oxy]methyl]-4-thiaazolyl]ethenyl]-, (4S,7R,8S,9S,13Z,16S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
 Double bond geometry as shown.



AB The present invention provides convergent processes for preparing epothilones, desoxyepothilones, and analogues thereof. The present invention further provides novel compositions and methods for the treatment of cancer and additionally provides methods for the treatment of cancer which has developed a multi-drug phenotype.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L28 ANSWER 2 OF 5 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:112551 USPATFULL

TITLE: Synthesis of epothilones, intermediates thereto and analogues thereof

INVENTOR(S): Danishefsky, Samuel J., Englewood, NJ, UNITED STATES
Stachel, Shawn J., Perkasie, PA, UNITED STATES
Lee, Chul Bom, Princeton, NJ, UNITED STATES
Chappell, Mark D., Noblesville, IN, UNITED STATES
Chou, Ting-Chao, Paramus, NJ, UNITED STATES
Wu, Zhicai, New York, NY, UNITED STATES

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2002058286	A1	20020516
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2001-797027	A1	20010301 (9)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1999-257072, filed on 24 Feb 1999, UNKNOWN		

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility

FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Choate, Hall & Stewart, Exchange Place, 53 State Street, Boston, MA, 02109

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 61

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 47 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 6056

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

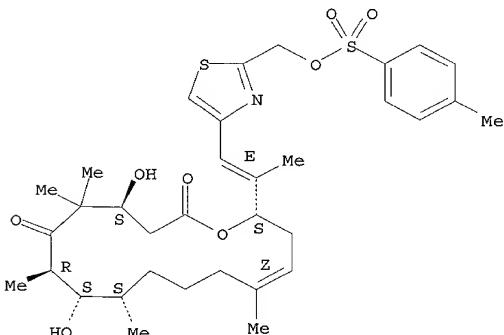
IT 359014-45-2P

(prepn. of epothilones, intermediates and analogs for use in treatment of cancers with multidrug resistant phenotype)

RN 359014-45-2 USPATFULL

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9,13-pentamethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-[2-[[[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]oxy]methyl]-4-thiazolyl]ethenyl]-, (4S,7R,8S,9S,13Z,16S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



AB The present invention provides convergent processes for preparing epothilones, desoxyepothilones, and analogues thereof. The present invention further provides novel compositions and methods for the treatment of cancer and additionally provides methods for the treatment

of cancer which has developed a multi-drug phenotype.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L28 ANSWER 3 OF 5 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:61550 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Etylene derivatives and pesticides containing said derivatives

INVENTOR(S):

Ogura, Tomoyuki, Funabashi, Japan

Murakami, Hiroshi, Funabashi, Japan

Numata, Akira, Funabashi, Japan

Miyachi, Rika, Funabashi, Japan

Miyake, Toshiro, Minamisaitama, Japan

Mimori, Norihiko, Minamisaitama, Japan

Takii, Shinji, Minamisaitama, Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Nissan Chemical Industries, Ltd., Tokyo, Japan
(non-U.S. corporation)

NUMBER	KIND	DATE
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PATENT INFORMATION:

US 6063734 20000516

APPLICATION INFO.:

US 1998-177501 19981023 (9)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 1997-JP1449, filed
on 24 Apr 1997

NUMBER	DATE
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PRIORITY INFORMATION:

JP 1996-104878 19960425

JP 1996-145802 19960607

JP 1996-159346 19960620

JP 1997-28916 19970213

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER:

Gerstl, R.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Oliff & Berridge, PLC

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

36

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

1

LINE COUNT:

9378

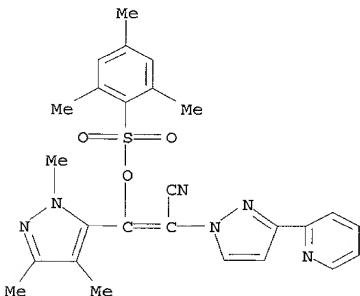
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 262449-11-6P 268744-08-7P

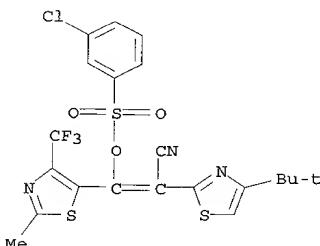
(prepn. as pesticide)

RN 262449-11-6 USPATFULL

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 2,4,6-trimethyl-, 2-cyano-2-[3-(2-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-1-(1,3,4-trimethyl-1H-pyrazol-5-yl)ethenyl ester (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



RN 268744-08-7 USPATFULL
 CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 3-chloro-, 2-cyano-2-[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2-thiazolyl]-1-[2-methyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)-5-thiazolyl]ethenyl ester
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



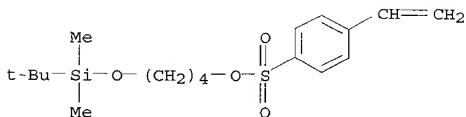
AB Ethylene derivatives of formula (I): ##STR1## where Q is an unsubstituted or substituted phenyl or heterocyclic group, especially a 4-thiazolyl, 1- or 3-pyrazolyl, 1,3-oxazol-4-yl, phenyl or pyridyl group; E is a substituent such as a cyano group; A is a substituent such as a 4-pyrazolyl or thiazolyl group; and B is a substituent such as an alkylcarbonyl group. Agricultural chemicals and agents for preventing the attachment of aquatic organisms containing one or more such ethylene derivatives.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L28 ANSWER 4 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:869525 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:49232
 TITLE: Image-forming medium containing acid
 generator and dye forming compound and image forming
 method
 INVENTOR(S): Okawa, Atsuhiko; Sakurai, Seiya
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 41 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

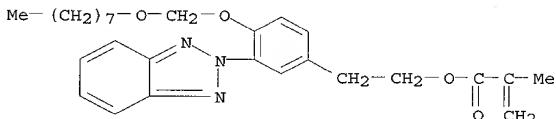
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2000343828	A2	20001212	JP 2000-67319	20000310
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1999-93088	A 19990331
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	134:49232		
IT 312729-59-2				
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)				
(thermal printing material contg. acid generator and dye-forming compd.)				
RN 312729-59-2 CAPLUS				
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-4-[(octyloxy)methoxy]phenyl]ethyl ester, polymer with 4-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]butyl 4-ethenylbenzenesulfonate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				

CRN 312729-57-0
CMF C18 H30 O4 S Si



CM 2

CRN 268747-64-4
CMF C27 H35 N3 O4



AB The title process uses an image-forming medium contg. a compd. which releases a strong acid by heating and another compd. which reacts with acids to form a dye, in which images are formed by using a thermal printing head. An image-forming medium used in the process is also claimed. The medium shows high thermal sensitivity, processability under roomlight, and anti-sticking properties and provides high d. images.

L28 ANSWER 5 OF 5 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:869525 HCPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:49232

TITLE: Image-forming medium containing acid generator and dye forming compound and image forming method

INVENTOR(S): Okawa, Atsuhiro; Sakurai, Seiya

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 41 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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JP 2000343828	A2	20001212	JP 2000-67319	20000310

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1999-93088 A 19990331

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 134:49232

IT 312729-59-2

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
(thermal printing material contg. acid generator
and dye-forming compd.)

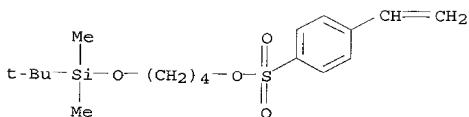
RN 312729-59-2 HCPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-4-[(octyloxy)methoxy]phenyl]ethyl ester, polymer with 4-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]butyl 4-ethenylbenzenesulfonate (9CI) (CA

INDEX NAME)

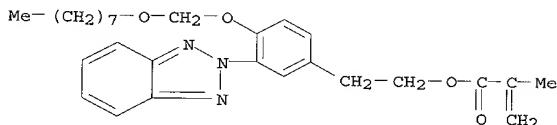
CM 1

CRN 312729-57-0
CMF C18 H30 O4 S Si



CM 2

CRN 268747-64-4
CMF C27 H35 N3 O4



AB The title process uses an image-forming medium contg. a compd. which releases a strong acid by heating and another compd. which reacts with acids to form a dye, in which images are formed by using a thermal printing head. An image-forming medium used in the process is also claimed. The medium shows high thermal sensitivity, processability under roomlight, and anti-sticking properties and provides high d. images.